RULES AND ORDERS UNDER BOMBAY ACT II OF 1890.

(SALT.)

BRINGING THE ACT INTO FORCE IN SIND FROM 2ND OCTOBER 1890.

Notn. No. 6673-A, Revenue, dated 20th September 1890, B. G. G., 1890, Pt. I, p. 954.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1, Sub-section (2) of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the said Act shall come into force in Sind on the 2nd day of October 1890.

APPOINTING EX-OFFICIO COMMISSIONER AND COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF ADEN AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

Notn. No. 1721, Revenue, dated 6th March 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 234.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Political Resident at Aden to be Commissioner of Salt Revenue and the Assistant Political Resident for the time being in charge of the local Salt Department to be Collector of Salt Revenue for the Settlement of Aden and its dependencies.

APPOINTING *ex officio* COMMISSIONER, COLLECTOR AND ASSISTANT COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE FOR SIND.

Notn. No. 2097, Revenue, dated 23rd March 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 279.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Commissioner in Sind to be *ex officio* Commissioner of Salt Revenue, and the Collector and Assistant Collector of Customs for the time being to be respectively *ex-officio* Collector and Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue for the Province of Sind.

APPOINTING OFFICERS HOLDING CERTAIN APPOINTMENTS IN SIND TO BE COLLECTORS OF SALT REVENUE.

Notn. No. 10336, Revenue, dated 17th December 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 1247.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, and in continuation of Notification No. 2097, dated the 23rd March 1891, published at page 279 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the

26th idem, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officers holding the following appointments for the time being to be by virtue of their respective offices Collectors of Salt Revenue within the limits of their respective ordinary revenue jurisdictions:—

All Collectors in Sind,

The Deputy Commissioners, Thar and Párkar and Upper Sind Frontier Districts,

All Assistant and Deputy Collectors in charge of a division of a district in Sind.

APPOINTING THE DEPUTY COLLECTOR, THAR AND PÁRKAR, TO BE A COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE, IN CERTAIN TÁLUKAS IN THAT DISTRICT.

Notn. No. 8297, Revenue, dated 20th November 1899, B. G. G., 1899, Pt. I, p. 1723.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, and in continuation of Notification No. 10386, dated the 17th December 1894, published at pages 1247 and 1248 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 20th idem, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Collector, Thar and Párkar, for the time being to be by virtue of his office a Collector of Salt Revenue within the limits of the Mithi, Chachro, Diplo and Nagar Tálukas of the Thar and Párkar District.

APPOINTING THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER OF SALT, EXCISE AND OPIUM IN SIND BY VIRTUE OF HIS OFFICE TO BE A COLLECTOR OF SALT REVENUE FOR THE PROVINCE OF SIND.

Notn. No. 1087, Revenue, dated 1st February 1909, B. G. G., 1909, Pt. I, p. 219.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890 (Bombay II of 1890), the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Commissioner of Salt, Excise and Opium in Sind by virtue of his office to be a Collector of Salt Revenue for the Province of Sind.

INVESTING CERTAIN OFFICERS WITH POWERS UNDER SECTIONS 28, 39, 42 AND 44.

Commissioner, C. S. O. & A., Notn. No. 1048, dated 7th March 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 249.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári is pleased to invest the following officers with powers under the different sections of

the said Act, to the extent shown, within the limits of their respective Ranges :—

	With all the powers under Sections.
All officers of not lower rank than an Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue.	39, 42 and 44.
All officers not lower in rank than a Sirkarkun and all officers holding charge of a Sirkarkun's office.	28, 39, 42 and 44.
The Special Officer at Cambay and the Port Officer, Kárwár.	39, 42 and 44.
All Darogas of Salt-works	39 and 44.
Preventive Officers and all Coast Guard Inspectors ...	39.
All Inspectors on the Northern Frontier Preventive Line ...	39 and 44.
Inspectors on the Northern Frontier Preventive Line drawing pay of Rs. 100 per mensem or over.	42.
All Suzedárs and Nákedárs	39.
All Kárkuns in charge of Custom Houses	39.
Vasuli Karkuns at Goregaum and Malavni	28 and 39.
Amaldárs and Peons of the Guarding Establishment ...	39, clauses (*e*) to (*g*) only.
A'bkári, Customs, Opium, Tobacco and Police Peons and Forest Guards.	39, clauses (*f*) and (*g*) only.
All A'bkári, Customs, Opium and Tobacco Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors, and the Supervisor and Assistant Supervisor, Uran Distilleries.	39.
All Police officers above the grade of a Head Constable, and all Police Patels	39.
Assistant and Deputy Collectors of Land Revenue, Mamlatdars, Mahalkaries and Avalkarkuns having Magisterial powers.	39.
Conservators, Deputy and Assistant and Sub-Assistant Conservators of Forests, Forest Rangers, and Foresters.	39.

INVESTING CERTAIN OFFICERS WITH POWERS UNDER SECTIONS 28, 38, (2) AND 44.

Commissioner, C. S. O. & A. Notn. No. 6001, dated 5th November 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. 1, p. 1102.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under sub-section 2 of section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári is pleased to invest the following officers with powers under the different sections of the said Act, to the extent shown, within the limits of their respective charges :—

Officers.	With powers under Sections.
Assistant Collectors of Salt Revenue	38, clause (2).
Kárkún in charge Panvel Custom House	28.
All Kárkùns in charge of Custom Houses	44.

INVESTING CERTAIN OFFICERS WITH POWERS UNDER SECTIONS 42 AND 44.

Commissioner, C. S. O., & A. Notn. No. 6600, dated 3rd December 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. 1, p. 1210.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, II of 1890, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári is pleased to invest the undermentioned officers with powers under the different sections of the said Act, to the extent shown below, within the limits of their respective charges :—

Officers.	With power under Sections.
The Collector of Customs, Bombay	44.
The First Assistant Collector, Bombay (1)	
The Assistant Collectors of Customs, Bombay	
The Assistant Collector, Abkari Department, Bombay ...	
The Inspectors on the Goa and Daman Frontiers, drawing pay of Rs. 100 per mensem or over.	42.

INVESTING THE INSPECTORS ON THE GOA AND DAMAN FRONTIER PREVENTIVE LINES WITH POWERS UNDER SECTIONS 39 AND 44.

Commissioner, C. S. O. & A., Notn. No. 6262, dated 17th November 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 1157.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Commissioner of Salt Revenue is pleased to invest the Inspectors on the Goa and Daman Frontier Preventive Lines with powers under Sections 39 and 44 of the said Act, within the limits of their respective charges.

INVESTING THE HEAD KARKUN OF THE SALT DEPARTMENT AT PATHARPUNJA ON THE DAMAN FRONTIER WITH POWERS UNDER SECTION 44.

Commissioner, C. S. O. & A., Notn. No. 1139, dated 2nd March 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 225.

In exercise of the power delegated to him by His Excellency the Governor in Council under sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkari is pleased to invest the Head Karkun of the Salt Department at Patharpunja on the Daman Frontier with powers under Section 44 of the said Act.

(1) As amended by Notification No. 6724, dated 9th December 1892, *B. G. G.*, 1892, Pt. I, p. 1234.

INVESTING OFFICERS HOLDING CERTAIN APPOINTMENTS IN SIND WITH POWERS UNDER CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE ACT.

Commissioner, Notn. No. 1032, dated 11th March 1895, S. O. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 267.

In exercise of the power conferred on him under Section 10, clause (1), of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, and in supersession of all previous Notifications under the said section, the Commissioner in Sind hereby invests the officers for the time being, holding the appointments noted below, with all the powers described or contemplated in the sections of the said Act mentioned against them :—

(*a*) Special Salt Inspector in Sind : Sections 39 and 42.

(*b*) Superintendents, Maurypur, Saran and Dilyar Salt Works and Sukkur Salt Depôt : Sections 28, 39 and 44.

(*c*) Inspectors and Assistant Salt Inspectors : Section 39.

(*d*) The three Sub-Inspectors of Salt, on Rs. 22 each, in the Thar and Párkar District : clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*) of Section 39.

Other Sub-Inspectors of Salt, Ferry peons and peons in charge of Salt Chaukis or Thánas : clauses (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*) of Section 39.

(*e*) All Police officers above the rank of constable : Section 39.

(*f*) Clerks in charge salting stations at Shamspir, Reri and Bram Haidri : Section 39, clauses (*a*) *i*, *ii* and *iii*, (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), and (*g*).

(*g*) All Sea Customs officers in charge of Ports and Wharves, Piers or Jetties, in Sind : Section 39.

(*h*) All Mukhtyarkars and Táluka Head Munshis : Section 39.

INVESTING CERTAIN OFFICERS IN SIND WITH POWERS UNDER SECTION 44.

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-67, dated 16th February 1904, S. O. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 209.

In exercise of the power conferred on him under Section 10, clause (1), of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, and in continuation of this office Notification No. 1032, dated the 11th March 1895, the Commissioner in Sind hereby invests the Salt Revenue officers for the time being holding the appointments noted below with the powers contemplated in Section 44 of the said Act :—

1. The Special Salt Inspector ;
2. Inspectors and Assistant Salt Inspectors ; and
3. Sub-Inspectors.

INVESTING THE HEAD PREVENTIVE OFFICER, CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT, KARACHI, WITH POWERS UNDER SECTION 39.

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-151, dated 27th March 1903, S. O. G., 1903, Pt. I, p. 483.

In exercise of the power conferred on him under Section 10, clause (1), of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, the Commissioner in Sind is pleased to invest the Head Preventive Officer, Customs Department, Karáchi, with the powers described in Section 39 of the said Act, within the limits of the Karáchi District.

INVESTING THE OPIUM INSPECTORS IN SIND WITH POWERS UNDER SECTION 39, CLAUSES (*f*) AND (*g*).

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-348, dated 26th May 1905, S. O. G., 1905, Pt. I, p. 887.

In exercise of the power conferred on him under Section 10, clause (1), of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, the Commissioner in Sind hereby invests the officers for the time being holding the appointments of Opium Inspectors in Sind with all the powers described or contemplated in Section 39, clauses (*f*) and (*g*), of the said Act.

INVESTING CERTAIN OFFICERS WITH ALL THE POWERS DESCRIBED OR CONTEMPLATED IN CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE ACT.

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-681, dated 15th October 1908, S. O. G., 1908, Pt. I, p. 581.

In exercise of the powers conferred on him under Section 10, clause (1), of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, and in supersession of all previous notifications under the said section, the Commissioner in Sind hereby invests the officers for the time being holding the appointments noted below, with all the powers described or contemplated in the sections of the said Act mentioned against them :—

(*a*) Superintendent of Salt, Excise and Opium in Sind : Sections 39, 42 and 44.

(*b*) Superintendents, Maurypur, Saran and Dilyar Salt Works, and Sukkur Salt Depôt : Sections 28, 39 and 44.

(*c*) Inspectors of Salt, Excise and Opium in Sind : Sections 39, 42, clause (2), and 44.

(*d*) Dafedars and Sowars in the combined Salt, Excise and Opium Department : Clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*) of Section 39, Section 42, clause (2), and Section 44.

(*e*) All Police Officers above the rank of Constables : Section 39.

(*f*) Clerks in charge of Salting Stations at Shamspir and Reri : Section 39, clauses (*a*), i, ii and iii, (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), and Section 44.

(*g*) All Sea Customs Officers in charge of Ports and Wharves, Piers or Jetties in Sind: Section 39.

(*h*) All Mukhtiarkars and táluka head Mukhis: Section 39.

INVESTING THE ASSISTANT COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS AT KARACHI UNDER SECTION 44 TO SEND PERSONS ARRESTED TO A MAGISTRATE.

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-846, dated 24th December 1908, S. O. G., 1908, Pt. I, p. 968.

In exercise of the powers of a Local Government under Section 10 (1) of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, conferred upon him by Government Notification No. 6873-B., dated 20th September 1890, the Commissioner in Sind is pleased to invest the Assistant Collectors of Customs at Karáchi under Section 44 of the said Act to send persons arrested to a Magistrate.

DELEGATING TO THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND ABKÁRI THE POWER VESTED IN THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL BY SECTION 10, SUB-SECTION 1.

Notn. No. 1297, Revenue, dated 18th February 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 156.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to delegate the power vested in him by sub-section 1 of the said section to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári.

DELEGATING TO THE COMMISSIONER OF SALT REVENUE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF ADEN THE POWER VESTED IN THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL BY Section 10, SUB-SECTION 1.

Notn. No. 1721-A., Revenue, dated 6th March 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 234.

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section 2 of Section 10 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to delegate the power vested in him by sub-section 1 of the said section to the Commissioner of Salt Revenue for the Settlement of Aden.

THE SIND SALT RULES, 1894.

Notn. No. 4678, Revenue, dated 23rd June 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 1075.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 14, 37, 52, 58 and 59 of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, His Excellency the Governor in Council

is pleased to make the following Rules, and to direct that on and after the 15th July 1897 the same shall have force in supersession of all existing rules on the same subjects respectively throughout the Province of Sind :—

Preliminary.

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Sind Salt Rules, 1894.

Salt Earth.

2. Except—

(*a*) within one mile of the frontier; and

(*b*) within one mile of any Government salt work or storehouse or recognised salt deposit, persons belonging to any of the following classes, *viz.*,

(*a*) agriculturists, cleaners or huskers of grain,

(*b*) curers of hides.

(*c*) dyers.

(*d*) potters.

[a] (*e*) Professional washermen. [a]

may, without a license from the Collector, excavate or remove salt earth, in the case of agriculturists, cleaners or huskers of grain, [a] and professional washermen [a] in any quantity, and in the case of any of the other three classes mentioned above, in any quantity not exceeding in the aggregate in any one day five seers in the case of any one household, but no salt earth so obtained shall be put to any use except as follows, that is to say,

(*a*) (i) the manuring of fields, (ii) the constructing of threshing floors, } by agriculturists, cleaners or huskers of grain.

(*b*) the curing of hides by curers of hides,

(*c*) dyeing by dyers,

(*d*) manufacture of pottery by potters.

[a] (*e*) washing and bleaching of clothes by professional washermen. [a]

Deposit of Salt.

Salt not to be deposited by purchaser within one mile of salt work without permission.

3. After delivery has been taken of salt from a salt work, no person shall deposit, or cause or allow to be deposited such salt within one mile of any salt work except with the permission of the Superintendent and under a guard of such strength as the Superintendent may direct at the cost of the owner.

Conservancy of Salt Works.

Nuisance Prohibited.

4. No person shall commit a nuisance within the limits of any salt work.

[a] These words were added to Rule 2 by G. N. No. 6413, Revenue, dated 11th September 1901, *B. G. G.*, 1901, Pt. I, p. 1674.

Warehousing of Salt for sale.

Form of Licenses.

[] 5. Licenses granted by the Collector under Section 37 of the Act for the storage or possession of salt for sale within any of the limits mentioned in Section 36 of the Act shall be in the form annexed to these rules and contain the conditions specified in the said form.

Licenses when to be taken out and when to expire.

6. Every license shall be taken out not later than the 1st of January in each year and shall be in force until the 31st December next following and no longer.

Separate license for each shop or warehouse.

7. If a licensee desires to open, for purposes of sale, more than one shop or warehouse, he must obtain a separate license for each such shop or warehouse.

Certain conditions to which such licenses shall be subject.

8. Every such license shall be liable to suspension or revocation at any time on breach by the licensee or any of his servants of any of the conditions thereof or of any provisions of the Act.

Disposal and destruction of things seized.

Destruction of confiscated salt earth.

9. Confiscated salt earth shall be destroyed.

Disposal of perishable goods confiscated.

10. At any time after the seizure of goods under the Act, it shall be lawful for any Land Revenue Officer not lower in rank than the Mukhtyárkar or Head Munshi of the Táluka or any Salt Revenue Officer not lower in rank than an Inspector to direct that any such goods which appear to him to be subject to natural and speedy decay shall be sold by public auction at once, or, if unsaleable, that they shall be destroyed.

Keep of animals seized.

11. Any such officer as is referred to in the last foregoing rule may give the directions specified in Section 52 (*b*) in any case in which such directions may be given under the provisions thereof.

Surplus proceeds of sales how to be disposed of.

12. The surplus proceeds of all sales under Rules 11 and 12, shall, unless the owner of the property sold establishes his claim to them within three months of the sale, be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Penalties.

For a breach of Rules 2 and 3.

13. Whoever commits a breach of any of the Rules 2 and 3 shall be punished with fine which may extend to (50) fifty rupees, and in default of payment of fine, with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month.

For breach of Rule 4.

14. Whoever commits a breach of Rule 4 shall be punished with fine which may extend to rupees (20) twenty, and in default of payment of the fine with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten days.

[a] This rule and the form of license were substituted for the original Rule 5 and the form of license for the storage and possession of salt thereunder by G. N. No. 1728, Revenue, dated 12th March 1901, *B. G. G.*, 1901, Pt. I, p. 488.

[a] *Form of License for the Storage and Possession of Salt (vide Rule 5).*

I, , Collector of Salt Revenue, do hereby authorise and empower , now dwelling at in the táluka of in the district of , to store or have in his possession salt for the purpose of sale in the below-mentioned building (*or enclosure or premises, as the case may be*) situated in the village of in the táluka of in the district of , *viz.*, in the building (*enclosure or premises, as the case may be*) known as and situated on the side of street and numbered No. by the municipality of provided that he conform to the following conditions, *viz.* :—

1. That he keep and have ready for inspection at any time by any officer of the Salt or Revenue Department requiring to see the same a detailed daily account showing truly the quantities of salt received by him, the name of the persons from whom and of the Salt Works at which such salt has been obtained, the number and date of the permit covering the same and the names of the ports, if any, at which such salt is landed, as well as the names of the persons to whom he may sell salt and the quantity delivered to each in excess of one ser at places within 10 miles of any Salt Deposit and 5 sers elsewhere.

2. That he shall not sell more than 40 sers of eighty tolas each of salt to one and the same person, except on the production by such person of a special permit under Section 38 (2) of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, to retain more than that amount for his private consumption or to transport more than that amount to some place beyond the limits mentioned in Section 36 of Bombay Act II of 1890, or to some other licensed shop or warehouse within those limits, duly signed by myself or my successor in office for the time being or by one of my Deputies or Assistants or any other officer empowered in this behalf under Section 38 (2) of the said Act.

3. That he shall not transfer this license to any other person nor permit salt to be sold under colour thereof by any other than himself or his servants.

4. That he shall store all the salt in his possession, except such quantity not exceeding 3 maunds as may be under issue at the time, in bags, each containing not less than one or more than three maunds.

5. That he shall be bound to give each purchaser of salt in excess of one maund at a time a certificate, stating the date of sale, the name of such purchaser and the quantity purchased.

This license shall be in force from the day of 190 until the of 190 and no longer, but shall be liable to be suspended or revoked at any time by myself or one of my Deputies or Assistants in the event of infringement by the said or by any of his servants of any conditions thereof or of any of the provisions of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890.

Given under my hand and seal at on the day of 190 .

Collector of Salt Revenue.

[a] Vide footnote [a] on page 741, *supra*.

DECLARING THE BASSEIN BANDER TO BE PREVENTIVE STATION FOR THE EXAMINATION OF SALT.

(1) *Commissioner, C. S. O. and A., Notn. No. 9948, dated 6th December 1884, B. G. G., 1884, Pt. I, p. 1153.*

The Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári hereby declares Bassein Bandar to be the Preventive Station under section 22 of the Bombay Salt Act, No. VII of 1873, for the examination of salt removed from salt works in the Bassein and Ghodbandar Tálukas for export by sea to all places outside of the creek that separates the island of Sálsette from the mainland.

The examinations will be made at the barge moored for the purpose at the deep water anchorage of the bandar.

DECLARING THE CHENDNI BANDAR IN THE THANA CREEK TO BE PREVENTIVE STATION FOR THE EXAMINATION OF SALT.

(1) *Commissioner, C. S. O. and A., Notn. No. 6152, dated 5th Novemler 1887, B. G. G., 1887, Pt. I, p. 910.*

Under section 22 of Act VII of 1873 (The Bombay Salt Act), Chendni Bandar in the Thána Creek is declared a Preventive Station for the examination of salt brought by boat from the works in the Panvel, Urán, Pen and Trombay Tálukas for transportation into the interior by Railway.

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(1) *Commissioner, C. S. O. and A., Notn. No. 80, dated 7th January 1888, B. G. G., 1888, Pt. I, p. 37.*

In continuation of this Office Notification No. 6152, dated the 5th November 1887 (published at page 910 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, of the 10th idem), and under section 22 of the Bombay Salt Act VII of 1873, Chendni Bandar in the Thána Creek is declared to be a Preventive Station for the examination of salt brought by sea from works in the Karanja Táluka.

RULES FOR THE SALE OF SALT FROM THE MAURYPUR MOACH SALT WORKS.

Commissioner, C. S. O. and A., Notn. No. 1191, dated 27th March 1893, S. O. G., 1893, Pt. I, p. 301.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Chapter V of the Bombay Salt Act, II of 1890, the Commissioner in Sind is pleased to make the following rules for the sale of salt to the public from the Maurypur Moach Salt Works:—

1. Salt will be supplied to the public at the Maurypur Moach Salt Works in quantities of not less than 2½ Indian maunds on one application.

(1) These Notifications, issued under Bombay Act VII of 1873, are kept in force by Bombay Act II of 1890, Section 2.

2. The amount of duty with other charges payable on salt at the Maurypur Moach Salt Works is Rs. 2-9-6 per maund of 82⅔ pounds avoirdupois.

3. Applications for salt should be made to the Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind on printed Form A, which can be obtained at his office free of charge.

4. On receiving an application for salt the Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind will issue a chalan in Form C in duplicate, covering the amount of duty and other charges payable on the quantity of salt applied for. This chalan will be taken by the applicant to Her Majesty's Treasury, Bank of Bombay, where the money due on it will be paid by him.

5. The duplicate chalan, duly receipted, will be returned by the Agent, Bank of Bombay, to the applicant, who will present it at the office of the Superintendent, Maurypur Moach Salt Works.

6. The Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind will, on the day the chalan is issued, forward the application on which it was prepared to the Treasury Officer.

7. The Treasury Officer will, on the day of receipt of duty and other charges, make over the application with an endorsement showing receipt of duty and other charges to the peon of the Maurypur Moach Salt Works, who will attend daily to receive such receipted applications.

8. After the duplicate chalan and application, duly receipted, have been handed to the Superintendent, Maurypur Moach Salt Works, the quantity of salt shown in those documents will be issued by him and not otherwise.

9. A permit in Form B will be issued under his signature by the Superintendent, Maurypur Moach Salt Works, certifying that duty and other charges have been paid on the quantity of salt removed, and this permit will accompany the salt to its destination.

10. If the applicant wishes to consign the salt to more places than one, partition permits in Form B (1) will be issued by the Superintendent, Maurypur Moach Salt Works, and he will cancel and retain the original permit for the whole quantity.

11. Persons removing salt from the Maurypur Moach Salt Works must supply their own labour for weighments, which will be made under the superintendence of a clerk at the works. Salt which has not been duly weighed out will not be allowed to leave the works.

12. All salt must be removed in bags containing (2) two Indian maunds' and must leave the works and their vicinity by sunset of the day of issue. No salt will be allowed to remain within one mile of the Salt Works unless under a guard at the cost of the owner.

(روينو- نمبر ۲۴۳)

فارم نمبر A

تاريخ

سپرنٽنڈنٽ صاحب

هند جا من يا لوڻ مان ڏيڻ

عرض ته پيسا في روپيا من تي پيش ڪريان واسطي ملڻ

رسيد مٿين پيسن واسطي مليم - عرض ڪيل لوڻ جي نيڪال جو وچور هيني فارم ۾ برابر پري ڏني اٿم -

خريدار جو نالو	خريدار جي رهڻ جي جاءِ	ڪيتري لوڻ واسطي عرض	لوڻ موڪلڻ جي جاءِ	لوڻ نيڻ جي ريت	لوڻ شهر جي ڪاپي واسطي گهر جي يا باهر نيڪال لاءِ جيڪڏهن پوئين مطلب تي ته نالو شهر ۽ ضلع جو	لوڻ جي ليسن جو وري جاري ٿيڻ عرضدار واسطي يا پي ڪنه لاءِ - جيڪڏهن پي واسطي ته اُنجو نالو ۽ انجي رهڻ جي جاءِ جو نالو	ريمارڪ

عرضدار

نمبر ۱۸

رسید

تہ پیسا انداز روپیا بابت محصول ۴ غیرہ لوڻ
هندي ملڻ جي کان پٽ وڻان مليا -

وائو چو نمبر ۱۸	محصول جي في ۰-۸-۲ هندي مڻ تي لوڻ کي ڻ چو خرچ في هندي مڻ تي جوڙ

تاريخ ۱۸

ڊپٽي ڪلڪٽر صاحب بهادر

FORM No. B.

No.

SALT

18 .

Name of exporter,

Residence of exporter,

No. and date of application,

Quantity of salt for which duty, &c., has been paid ... { Indian Maunds.

Amount of duty, &c., paid, Rs.

Destination of salt,

Route by which salt is to be conveyed,

Mode of conveyance,

Whether for local consumption or subsequent transport; if for the latter, ultimate destination.

Name of Weigh Clerk,

Period of use—till sunset of

Bags

Superintendent.

Sind Salt Department.

Sind Salt Department.

PERMIT.

No.

SALT

18 .

Salt duty, &c., to the amount of Rupees

having been paid by , resident of

, Táluka , Zillah ,

he is hereby authorised to remove Maunds of salt,

from the by for conveyance to

This permit is in force until sunset of the only.

Bags

Superintendent.

پاس

لوڻ

۱۸۹

تاريخ

نمبر

لوڻ جي محصول وغيره بابت رپيا

پٽ

تهندڙ

تعلقو ضلع

هنڪري هڪي حڪم ٿيو ٿو جي تہ لوڻ تان جيڪا ن ملهيا

موڪلڻ لاءِ

هي پاس جاري آهي فقط

تاريخ

جي شام تاءِ ڪيو ويون رستي

سپرنٽنڈنٽ

FORM No. B (1).

No.

MAURYPUR SALT WORKS,

18 .

Name of exporter,

Residence of exporter,

Permit No. and date,

Quantity of salt for which duty, &c., has been paid ... } Indian Maunds.

Amount of duty, &c., paid, Rs.

Quantity of salt to be removed under this permit ... } Indian Maunds.

Value of salt to be removed under this permit .. ... } Rs.

Destination of salt,

Route by which salt is to be conveyed,

Mode of conveyance,

Whether for local consumption or subsequent transport; if for the latter, ultimate destination ... ... }

Name of Weigh Clerk,

Period of use—till sunset of

Bags

Superintendent.

Sind Salt Department.

Sind Salt Department.

PARTITION PERMIT.

No.

MAURYPUR SALT WORKS,

18 .

Salt duty, &c., to the amount of Rupees

having been paid by , resident of

, Táluka , Zillah ,

he is hereby authorised to remove Indian maunds of

salt from the Maurypur Salt Work by

for conveyance to

Permit No. , date

This permit is in force until sunset of the only.

Bags

Superintendent.

چوٹي پاس يا پرواني

نمبر

ماريپور لوڻ کاتي

۱۸

تاريخ

لوڻ جي محصول وغيره بابت پيسا انداز رپيا

پٽ

رهندڙ

تعلقو ضلع جڪا ن ملیا

ٽهڪ ري هڪي حڪم ٿو ٿئي جي ته ماريپور لوڻ هنڊ

کاتي

هنڊي مٿي لوڻ جا رستي ٿئي

پاس جو نمبر تاريخ

هي پاس جاري آهي فقط

تاريخ

جي شام تائين ڪيون

سپرنٽنڈنٽ صاحب

C.

Memorandum showing the minor and detail entries of Receipts under the Major Head—III Salt.

	Amount.	Remarks.
III.—Salt.		
Customs duty on Salt—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Import duty—		
By sea		
By land		
Export duty		
Transit duty		
Double duty		
Proceeds of sale of Government Salt—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Excise duty on Salt—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Excise duty on Government Salt—		
Single duty		
Treaty price of salt*—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ..		
Rent of warehouses—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Fines and forfeitures—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Carriage and freight—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Miscellaneous—		
SIND SALT DEPARTMENT ...		
Cost of establishment recovered from salt farmers		
Storage charges recovered ...		
Rents		
Sale-proceeds of trees, grass, &c.		
Other items		

* To include manufacturing charges, bagging charges, storage charges and establishment charges on account of duty-free salt supplied to His Highness the Mir of Khairpur.

RULES RELATING TO THE RECEIPT OF GOVERNMENT DUTY AND PRICE OF BÁRÁGRA SALT MANUFACTURED AT THE PRITCHARD SALT WORKS ON THE RUNN OF KUTCH IN THE DISTRICT OF AHMEDABAD.

[*c*] *Commissioner, C. S. O. and A., Notn. No. 198, dated 12th January 1907, B. G. G., 1907, Pt. I, p. 104.*

In supersession of the rules published under Notification No. 3634, dated the 2nd August 1897, at pages 1431 to 1433 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, 1897, the following rules are made and published for general information :—

Rules relating to the receipt of Government duty and price of Bárágra Salt manufactured at the Pritchard Salt Works on the Runn of Kutch in the district of Ahmedabad of the Bombay Presidency.

GENERAL.

These rules apply only to Bárágra salt intended to be removed from the Government depôt at Khárághoda in the district of Ahmedabad of the Bombay Presidency to places outside the said Presidency.

2. Section 30 (1) of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890 provides that "the duty and other charges" (on salt), "if any payable to Government shall be paid to such officer as the Commissioner" (of Customs, Salt, Opium and Abkári, Bombay Presidency) "from time to time directs." With the approval of the Controller General, all Treasury Officers under the Government of India are hereby authorized to receive the duty and other charges on salt intended for removal by rail from Khárághoda to places beyond the frontiers of the Bombay Presidency.

3. The rates of duty and price payable in respect of the salt indented for shall be the rates respectively fixed and in force on the day on which payment is made into any authorized Treasury. The rate of duty is, from time to time, fixed by the Governor General in Council, under Section 7 of Act XII of 1882, and published in the *Gazette of India*. The rate now in force is [*a*] one rupee [*a*] for each maund of 82⅔ lbs. avoirdupois weight. The rates of other charges fixed from time to time for Bárágra salt will be communicated to the Treasury Officer concerned by the Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay. Those now in force are quoted below :—

		Per maund. Rs.	a.	p.
[*b*] Cost price	...	0	2	6
Sewing charges	...	0	0	2
Bagging charges	...	0	1	7
		0	4	3 [*b*]

4. Persons indenting for salt may provide their own bags, or if they prefer it, bags will be provided at a fixed charge per maund, which, as noted in the details given in the preceding rule, is [*b*] one anna seven pies [*b*].

[*a-a*] The words "one rupee" were substituted for the words "one rupee eight annas" by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466.

[*b-b*] As corrected by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466.

[*c*] This Notification has since been amended by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466, the alterations therein made taking effect from the 1st April 1909—(*vide* paragraph 2 of the same Notification).

The bags provided must be sufficient in number and of uniform size to hold three Indian maunds of salt; they must be legibly and accurately marked and consigned prepaid to the Government Salt Agents, Khárágheda in the Ahmedabad District; they must be sufficiently strong to hold the salt during the journey. The railway receipt for the bags should be sent to the Government Salt Agents separately by post. (*Note.*—One railway wagon carries 309 maunds, in the case of stations on the broad gauge, and 243 maunds in the case of stations on the metre or narrow gauge, and as the Railway Company charge the freight of a full wagon, it is recommended that all applications should be made for one or more full wagon loads.)

PROCEDURE AT THE RECEIVING TREASURY.

5. When a trader wishes to pay money into a Treasury for the purchase of salt from Khárágheda, he should be required to fill in the necessary particulars on a form of indent (Form A attached). The Treasury Officer should give the trader any help that may be required in preparing the indent, and, if necessary, cause the entries to be written for him by one of his clerks, but no fee or other gratification whatsoever may be demanded or accepted, either directly or indirectly, for this service.

Note.—The officer in charge of every Treasury that is authorized to receive salt revenue must be careful always to have in stock a sufficient supply of forms of indent and the form should be freely issued to the public on application.

6. If the indent is in order, the trader should be required to pay into the Treasury the amount entered therein. A receipt (Form B attached) should then be prepared, in duplicate, for the money received, and after signature by the Treasury Officer, the original should be returned to the trader and the duplicate filed in the Treasury Office.

7. If the salt revenue is paid into a Sub-Treasury, the amount of each indent should be entered in a separate register (Form C attached), and the total amount received during the day should be credited in the accounts under the head "Bombay Salt Department" (*vide* Article 419 of the Civil Account Code, Volume I), and the Sub-Treasury Officer should submit to the Huzur Treasury Officer with his daily account all the indents received during the day and an extract from the sub-register.

8. On receipt of the daily accounts, indents and extracts from the Sub-Treasuries, the Huzur Treasury Officer should carefully examine them, and if correct, enter them in the sub-register of indents and payments received into the Huzur Treasury, and at the end of the day should forward to the Superintendent, Salt Depot, Khárágheda, Ahmedabad District, Bombay Presidency, all the indents received at the Huzur and Sub-Treasuries, with an extract from the sub-register relating to the indents. The monthly statement in Form 58 referred to in Article 419 of the Civil Account Code, Volume I, should be forwarded to the Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay.

PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, MAIN SALT STORES, PRITCHARD SALT WORKS, KHA'RA'GHODA.

9. The Superintendent should carefully examine each indent received from the Treasury Officer and satisfy himself that the amount entered therein is correct with reference to the quantity of salt indented for. If he finds that

the amount paid into the Treasury is less than what is due on the salt indented for, he should at once communicate by post the fact to the trader with a view to the recovery of the short payment before the indent is complied with.

10. If the trader has supplied his own bags, and if the Superintendent finds that they are insufficient to hold the quantity of salt indented for, or that all or any of them are not strong enough, he should at once communicate the fact in writing to the trader to the address mentioned in the indent, with an intimation that the issue of the salt will be delayed pending compliance with the requisition for bags.

11. All indents received from Treasury Officers under these rules should be entered in a separate register in Form No. 2 appended to the rules prescribed by the Collector of Salt Revenue [*b*] for the conduct of business and the accounts at the Pritchard Salt Works and at the Main Stores and Ahmedabad Salt Depôt [*b*].

[*b*] * * * * [*b*]

12. The indents then should be complied with under the ordinary rules, and the railway receipt should be forwarded by post * * [*a*] to the trader to the address noted on the indent.

13. The Superintendent, Main Salt Stores, Khárágheda, should forward to the Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay, with his Weekly Cash Account an extract from the register of indents received by him from the Treasury Officers under these rules.

PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED BY THE CHIEF ACCOUNT OFFICER OF CUSTOMS, SALT AND OPIUM, BOMBAY.

14. The Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay, should carefully compare the weekly returns received from the Superintendent, Main Stores, Khárágheda, with the monthly statements received from the Treasury Officers under rule 8, and any errors or discrepancies discovered should be made the subject of immediate enquiry.

15. The Accountant General, Bombay, will furnish the Chief Account Officer, every month with a consolidated statement, prepared from monthly schedules received from other Accountants General, showing all the amounts brought to credit on his books on account of Khárágheda salt, and the Chief Account Officer will compare it with the detailed accounts received by him under Rule 8.

16. If the Chief Account Officer, on examination of the accounts, finds that any excess payment has been recovered from any trader at any Treasury, he should report the fact to the Accountant General, Bombay, giving particulars as to (*a*) the name and residence of the trader, (*b*) the name of the Treasury at which the payment was made, (*c*) the number and date of the indent, and (*d*) the amount of excess recovery, in order that the Accountant General may arrange for the refund of the amount through the Treasury Officer concerned.

[*a*] The words "under registered cover" were deleted by Notification No. 1347, dated 12th March 1907, *B. G. G.*, 1907, Pt. I, p, 494.

[*b-b*] These words were inserted and the rest of the paragraph deleted by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466.

17. The Government Salt Agents should be required to prepare a separate bill monthly of their charges for sewing and bagging on account of salt paid for under these rules, and submit it to the Superintendent, Main Stores, Khárághoda, who should examine it with his registers, and if found correct, submit it to the Chief Account Officer of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay, for sanction and payment.

FORM A.

INDENT FOR BA'RA'GRA SALT.

1. Name of Treasury. (If Sub-Treasury, state also the name of the Huzur Treasury.)

2. Number assigned to this indent according to the Treasury Register.

3. Amount paid by trader with this indent (in words) : See note 2 at foot.

4. Quantity of salt indented for (in words).

5. Name of the Salt depôt to which this indent is to be forwarded for compliance. { Main Stores, Khárághoda, Ahmedabad District, Bombay Presidency.

6. Name and address of the person to whom railway receipt for the salt is to be forwarded, and the name of the railway station, the salt is to be booked to with route, if there are alternative routes.

7. Whether the trader is sending to Khárághoda his own bags direct, or, whether the price of the bags is included in the amount paid.

8. Name and address of the person to whom communications regarding short payments, or complaint about bags, if supplied by the trader, is to be addressed.

9. Name and address of the person who tenders the money and the indent at the Treasury.

10. Date of presentation of indent.

11. Date of receipt of money at the Treasury.

12. Date of despatch of indent to Superintendent, Main Stores Khárághoda.

13. Date of receipt of indent by the Superintendent.

(Signature of Trader or his Agent.)

(Signature of Treasury Officer.)

NOTE.

1. This form will be supplied gratis at the Treasuries to intending purchasers and will be filled up for them, if necessary, without charge.

[*b*] 2. The price of Khárághoda salt issued for consumption outside the Presidency is at present as under :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Duty ...	... 1	0	0	
Cost price ...	... 0	2	6	
Sewing charges ...	... 0	0	2	
Total ...	... 1	2	8	without bags.
Bagging extra ...	... 0	1	7	
	1	4	3	with bags.[*b*]

3. Indents must be for multiple of 3 maunds.

4. One running wagon carries 309 maunds, in the case of stations on the broad gauge and 243 maunds in the case of stations on the metre or narrow gauge, and as the Railway Company charge the freight of a full wagon, it is recommended that applications should be made for one or more full wagon-loads.

5. Persons indenting for salt may provide bags themselves; or if they prefer it, bags will be provided for them at a fixed charge per bag which will be included in the price of salt as stated above. The bags provided must be of sufficient number and sufficiently strong to hold the salt on the journey, and of uniform size to contain three Bengal maunds of salt; they must be legibly and accurately marked and consigned, freight paid, to the Government Salt Agents, Khárághoda, Ahmedabad District, to whom the Railway receipt for the bags should also be posted.

6. On payment of the amount entered in the indent the Treasury Officer will give the purchaser a receipt and the indent will in due course be sent to the Superintendent, Main Stores, Khárághoda, for compliance.

The Superintendent will despatch the salt, freight unpaid to the purchaser and will send him the Railway receipt for the same by post ** [*a*] to the address stated in the indent.

[*a*] The word "registered" was deleted by Notification No. 1347, dated 12th March 1907, *B. G. G.*, 1907, Pt. I, p. 494.

[*b-b*] This paragraph was substituted for paragraph 2 by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466.

FORM B.

DUPLICATE TO BE FILED IN TREASURY.

Receipt for price of Bárágra Salt.

Received the sum of Rs. ( )
annas ( ) and pies ( )
as per Indent No. , dated the
, from
, Salt Merchant,
on account of maunds
of salt to be despatched by rail from Khárághoda to
to the address of

Dated

Treasury Officer.

FORM B.

ORIGINAL TO BE GIVEN TO TRADER.

Receipt for price of Bárágra Salt.

Received the sum of Rs. ( )
annas ( ) and pies ( )
as per Indent No. , dated the
, from
, Salt Mere ant,
on account of maunds
of salt to be despatched by rail from Khárághoda to
to the ad ess of

Dated

Treasury Officer.

FORM C. [a]

Number and Date of Indent.		Name and Address of Trader.		Quantity of Salt.	Price paid.					Remarks.
No.	Date.	Name.	Address.	Indian Maunds.	Duty at Rupee 1 per Maund.	Cost price at 2½ annas per Maund.	Sewing charges at 2 pies per Maund.	Bagging charges at 1 anna and 7 pies per Maund.	Tota .	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

[a] As amended by Notification No. 1668, dated 12th March 1909, *B. G. G.*, 1909, Pt. I, p. 466.

SECTION 35 AND THE REST OF PART IV OF THE BOMBAY ACT VII OF 1873, TO BE IN FORCE WITHIN THE TA'LUKA OF DHANDHUKA OF THE AHMEDABAD DISTRICT AND WITHIN A DISTANCE OF TEN MILES FROM THE FRONTIER OF KA'THIA'WA'R.

(1) *Revenue Notn., dated 12th January 1876, B. G. G., 1876, Pt. I, p. 34.*

By virtue of the authority vested in him by Section 35 of Bombay Act VII of 1873, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that on and after the 1st June 1876 next, the provisions of that section and of the rest of Part IV of the Act, shall be deemed to be, and be, in force in every place situated in British territory within the Táluka of Dhandhuka of the Ahmedabad District, and within a distance of ten miles from the frontier of Káthiáwár.

ABOLISHING IN ALL DISTRICTS IN SIND THE SYSTEM OF ISSUING PERMITS FOR POSSESSION AND TRANSPORT OF SALT IN EXCESS OF ONE MAUND EXCEPT IN CASES OF SALT TRANSPORTED BY SEA UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE TRANSPORT OF SALT ACT, 1870.

Commissioner, Notn. No. C.-603, dated 12th November 1907, S. O. G., 1907, Pt. I, p. 1026.

It is notified for information that, except in the case of salt transported by sea under the provisions of the Transport of Salt Act XVI of 1879, the system of issuing permits for possession and transport of salt in excess of one maund is hereby abolished in all districts in Sind.

THE BOMBAY SALT RULES, 1893.

Notn. No. 7890, Revenue, dated 26th October 1893, B. G. G., 1893, Pt. I, p. 1014.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 37, 52, 58 and 59 of the Bombay Salt Act, 1890, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules, and to direct that on and after the 15th November 1893, the same shall have force in supersession of all existing rules on the same subjects respectively :—

Preliminary.

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bombay Salt Rules, 1893.

Deposit and Storage of Salt at Salt-Works.

Period for which salt allowed to lie by salt pans.

1*A*. No person shall allow any salt which is under his control to lie unheaped for more than 10 days or for a period longer than that allowed under any general or special order communicated to him as made by the Collector of Salt Revenue in this behalf.

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(1) This Notification, issued under Bombay Act VII of 1873, is kept in force by Bombay Act II of 1890, Section 2.

2. Except before first storage in heaps at a salt-work or after removal to a distance of at least one mile beyond a Preventive Station, no person shall sift or spread out any salt to dry except with the special sanction of the Commissioner.

Sifting and spreading out to dry prohibited except in certain cases.

3. Before first storage no person shall sift salt or spread it out to dry except in places appointed by the Sarkárkun for that purpose.

And in places appointed by the Sarkárkun.

4. The licensee shall be bound to store the salt produced in or during each manufacturing season separately from the salt produced in or during every other manufacturing season, unless specially permitted by the Sarkárkun to do otherwise.

Separate storage for the salt of each season.

5. No person shall construct or cause or allow to be constructed any storage platform or salt heap in any shape or of any size or in any situation other than such as may be in accordance with the general or special orders of the Collector of Salt Revenue for the time being in force and applicable in that behalf.

Storage platforms.

6. When a heap of salt has been broken open to satisfy a permit, the licensee shall not, except with the written permission of the Sarkárkun, allow any other heap in the same salt-work to be resorted to for the same permit until the heap first opened has been disposed of and cleared away.

No second salt heap to be opened till heap previously opened is exhausted.

7. No person shall open or cause or allow to be opened any salt heap which he has been directed by the Sarkárkun not to open. The licensee shall close in such manner as the Sarkárkun may direct any salt heap which has been opened.

Limit to opening of salt heaps.

8. No person shall add to, or remove from, or cause or allow additions or removals to be made to, or from, any salt in a heap that has been partly made and not completed, if loss by smuggling, rain, flood, or any exceptional accident has occurred thereto, or if the Sazedar, on the ground of such loss having occurred, prohibits such addition or removal, unless and until such heap has been inspected by the Sarkárkun or some officer deputed by him.

Salt not to be added to, or removed from, an incomplete heap in certain cases.

9. No person shall at any time add any salt to, or cause or allow any salt to be added to, a heap after it has been once made and completed.

Salt not to be added to a complete heap.

Deposit of Salt.

10. No person shall deposit or cause or allow to be deposited at any salt-work in the Kánara District any salt within 200 yards of any kothar or building used or intended to be used for the storage of salt on which excise duty has not been paid excepting on ground allotted for the purpose by the Sarkárkun; and any person depositing salt on any such ground shall be bound to at once remove it if so ordered by the Sarkárkun.

Salt not to be deposited or allowed to remain near kothars without permission.

Removal of Salt.

Salt to be removed in marked bags.

11. Except as is hereinafter in this rule otherwise provided, no one shall remove salt from a salt-work otherwise than in bags legibly marked with consecutive numbers and with the initials or other distinguishing mark of the person on whose account the salt is removed: Provided that this rule shall not apply to removals of salt from Government Salt-Works at Khárághoda to the stores or from the works at Sánikatta to the kothars, or to salt removed under the special orders of the Collector or by Wánjaris.

Conservancy of Salt-Works.

Nuisances prohibited.

12. No person shall commit a nuisance within the limits of any salt-work.

Warehousing of Salt for Sale.

Forms of licenses.

13. Licenses, granted by the Collector under Section 37 of the Act for the storage or possession of salt for sale within any of the limits mentioned in Section 36 of the Act, shall be either for the wholesale or for the retail sale of salt and shall be in the form annexed to these rules and contain the conditions specified in the said form. The said conditions shall be deemed to be and shall have the same force as rules framed by the Governor in Council under Section 37 (1) of the Act.

Licenses when to be taken out and when to expire.

14. Every license shall be taken out not later than the 1st of January in each year and shall be in force until the 31st December next following and no longer.

Renewal may be refused.

15. The Collector may cancel or refuse to renew a license without assigning any reasons therefor.

Separate license for each shop or warehouse.

16. If a licensee desires to open, for purposes of sale, more than one shop or warehouse, he must obtain a separate license for each such shop or warehouse.

Certain conditions to which such licenses shall be subject.

17. Every such license shall be liable to suspension or revocation, at any time, on breach, by the licensee or any of his servants, of any of the conditions thereof or of any provisions of the Act.

Disposal and destruction of things seized.

Destruction of confiscated salt-earth.

18. Confiscated salt-earth shall be destroyed.

Disposal of perishable goods confiscated.

19. At any time after the seizure of goods under the Act, it shall be lawful for an officer not lower in rank than a Sarkárkún to direct that any such goods which appear to him to be subject to natural and speedy decay, shall be sold by public auction at once or, if unsaleable, that they shall be destroyed.

Keep of animal seized.

20. Any officer of a class not lower in rank than Sarkárkúns or Inspectors may give the directions specified in Section 52 (*b*) in any case in which such directions may be given under the provisions thereof.

21. The surplus proceeds of all sales under Rules 19 and 20 shall, unless the owner of the property sold establishes his claim to them within three months of the sale, be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Surplus proceeds of sales how to be disposed of.

Penalties.

22. Whoever commits a breach of any of the Rules 1*A*, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 or of any condition of a license granted in accordance with Rule 13, shall be punished with fine which may extend to rupees fifty, and in default of payment of fine, with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month.

For a breach of Rules 1*A*, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 or any condition of a license granted under R 13.

23. Whoever commits a breach of Rule 12 shall be punished with fine which may extend to rupees twenty, and in default of payment of the fine, with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten days.

For a breach of Rule 12.

FROM OF LICENSE FOR THE STORAGE AND POSSESSION OF SALT (*vide* RULE 13).

I, Collector of Salt Revenue, do hereby authorise and empower now dwelling at , in the táluka of , in the district of , to store or have in his possession salt for the purpose of sale in the below-mentioned building (or enclosure or premises as the case may be) situated in the village of , in the táluka of , in the district of , *viz.*, in the building (enclosure or premises as the case may be) known as, and situated on the side of street and numbered No. by the Municipality of provided that he conform to the following conditions, *viz.*:

(1) That he keep and have ready for inspection at any time by any officer of the Salt Department, requiring to see the same, a detailed daily account showing truly the quantities of salt received by him, the name of the persons from whom, and of the salt-works at which such salt has been obtained, the No. and date of the permit covering the same and the names of the ports, if any, at which such salt is landed, as well as the names of the persons to whom he may sell salt and the quantity delivered to each.

(2) That he furnish on the first of every month to the Sarkárkún at an abstract account in such form as may from time to time be required of him, showing the gross quantities of salt received and sold by him during the previous month and the balance in store at the end of the same.

(3) That he shall not sell more than 40 seers of 80 tolas each of salt to one and the same person, except on the production by such persons of a special permit under Section 38 (2) of the Bombay Salt Act II of 1890, to retain more than that amount for his private consumption or to transport more than that amount to some place beyond the limits mentioned in Section 36 of Bombay Act II of 1890, or to some other licensed shop or warehouse within those limits, duly signed by myself, or my successor in office for the time being, or by one of my deputies or assistants.